

Spécialité de Master « Optique, Matière, Plasmas »

Stage de recherche (4 mois minimum, à partir de début mars)

Proposition de stage

Date de la proposition : 2 octobre 2012

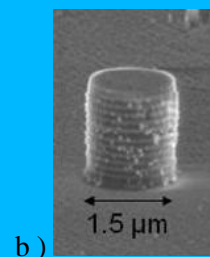
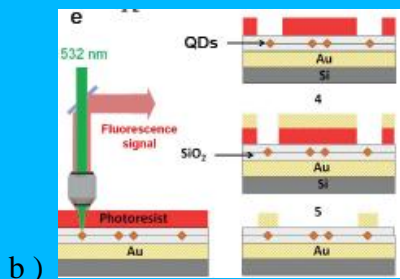
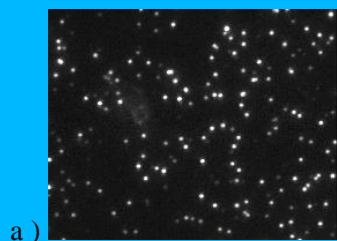
Responsable du stage / internship supervisor:			
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Courriel / mail:	laurent.coolen@insp.jussieu.fr		
Nom du Laboratoire / laboratory name: Institut de NanoSciences de Paris (INSP)			
Code d'identification :	UMR 7588	Organisme :	UPMC / CNRS
Site Internet / web site:	http://www.insp.upmc.fr/axe3/2_couches_minces/themes_III_25.php		
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Lieu du stage / internship place: campus Jussieu, couloir 22-32, 5 ^e étage			

Coupling a single fluorescent nanocrystal to a micropillar

The internship will take place at the INSP, in a group which studies the effect of a **photonic or plasmonic structure** (photonic crystal, optical cavity, nano-antenna...) on the **fluorescence of a single nano-emitter**. The principle of these studies is that the fluorescence properties of a nano-emitter are not only a function of its intrinsic characteristics, but also of its environment and its density of available photonic states (Fermi's golden rule). The nano-emitters in consideration are **nanocrystals**, CdSe spheres of a few nm, obtained by chemical synthesis. These nanocrystals are very bright and versatile ; their emission wavelength is determined by their size (quantum confinement) and tunable over the whole visible spectrum. By fluorescence microscopy, it is possible to image single nanocrystals deposited on a substrate (fig. a).

A technical challenge in coupling a single nano-emitter to a specific nano-photonic environment is the need to **control the position and the emission wavelength of the emitter with respect to the photonic structure**, or vice versa. We are presently implementing, in collaboration with the Laboratoire de Photonique et Nanostructures (LPN), a **photolithography protocol** to fabricate a metallic disk nano-antenna on top of a nanocrystal : on a substrate, nanocrystals are deposited and covered by a photosensitive resist ; by fluorescence microscopy, the sample is mapped and a single nanocrystal is found ; then a stronger laser beam is sent into the microscope in order to expose a disk in the photoresist. The sample is then developed and gold is deposited in a micrometer-sized disk centered on the nanocrystal (fig. a).

The objective of the internship is to adapt this technique to **fabricate a dielectric micropillar centered on a single nano-crystal**. The fabrication steps will be : deposition of a Bragg mirror (layers of dielectric layers reflecting light by constructive interference), then nanocrystals, then a second Bragg mirror ; etching a micropillar by photolithography. Such a structure (preliminary realization shown in fig. b) constitutes an optical cavity as light is confined vertically by the Bragg mirrors and horizontally by total internal reflection. This internship will provide training for a broad range of techniques, especially clean room nanofabrication (deposition, etching - performed at the LPN) and fluorescence microscopy.



Ce stage pourra-t-il se prolonger en thèse ? Possibility of a PhD ? : Yes

Si oui, financement de thèse envisagé/ financial support for the PhD: bourse école doctorale

Lasers et matière	X	Lumière, Matière : Mesures Extrêmes	X
Optique de la science à la technologie	X	Plasmas : de l'espace au laboratoire	