

# Spécialité de Master « Optique, Matière, Paris »

Stage de recherche (4 mois minimum, à partir de début mars)

## Proposition de stage

Date de la proposition : 5/1/2017

<b>Responsable du stage</b>	<i>internship supervisor:</i>		
Nom / <i>name:</i>	<b>Glorieux</b>	Prénom/ <i>first name :</i>	<b>Quentin</b>
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<b>Nom du Laboratoire / <i>laboratory name:</i></b>	Laboratoire Kastler Brossel	LKB	
Code d'identification :	Organisme : CNRS, UPMC, ENS		
Site Internet / <i>web site:</i> www.quantumoptics.fr			
Adresse / <i>address:</i> 4 place Jussieu, Paris			
Lieu du stage / <i>internship place:</i> Jussieu			

### Titre du stage / *internship title:* Superfluidity at room temperature and above

Quantum fluids Physics is the study of hydrodynamic systems which demonstrate a quantum behavior. A large range of many-particle systems are currently under intense investigation, from liquid Helium, to electrons in solids, to quark-gluon plasma and trapped gases of ultra-cold atoms. Surprisingly, these very different systems show similar behavior when the thermal de Broglie wavelength becomes comparable or larger than the average inter-particle spacing. In this regime, the Bose versus Fermi statistics of the particles starts playing a critical role in determining the properties of the fluid. For example, in a non-interacting Bose gas a macroscopic fraction of the particles will accumulate in the lowest-energy state leading to a Bose-Einstein condensate. When interactions between particles are not negligible, the Physics become even more fascinating with the appearance of purely quantum effects such as supra-conductivity and superfluidity.

#### Quantum fluids of light

Historically, most work in many body-physics (theoretical and experimental) are dealing with massive material particles (atoms, electrons...). However, we know since the early days of quantum mechanics, that photons in a box can be interpreted as a massless Bose gas of non-interacting particles and this interpretation leads to a correct calculation of the black-body radiation. Recently, it has been realized that under suitable circumstances photons can acquire an effective mass and will behave as a quantum fluid of light with photon-photon interactions. Striking experimental demonstrations of superfluidity and other quantum hydrodynamics effects such as quantized vortices and solitons have been performed using semi-conductor planar micro-cavities. Building on these experiments done by the LKB group, we propose to use a different geometry (propagating light instead of confined) to study quantum fluids of light.

For more details, please check our website: [www.quantumoptics.fr/2745-2/](http://www.quantumoptics.fr/2745-2/) Experimental internship. Duration: 3 to 6 months. Possible PhD.

**Ce stage pourra-t-il se prolonger en thèse ? Possibility of a PhD ? : OUI**

**Si oui, financement de thèse envisagé / financial support for the PhD: ANR ou Allocation Ministère**

Lumière, Matière, Interactions	<b>X</b>	Lasers, Optique, Matière	<b>X</b>
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